## **Informed Consent**

## Part I: Your Rights as Client(s)

- 1. You have the right to ask questions about any procedures used during therapy; if you wish, I will explain my approach and methods to you. If I see a child under the age of consent (which varies for different states/jurisdictions), any custodial parents have a right to information shared in the session. Custodial parents should be aware that exercising this right may be detrimental to the therapeutic process, and so may wish to allow confidentiality between the child and therapist.
- 2. You have the right to decide not to receive therapeutic assistance from me; if you wish, I will provide you with the names of other qualified professionals whose services you might prefer at a cost equal to or less than my own usual customary fee.
- 3. You have the right to end therapy at any time without any moral, legal, or financial obligations other than those already accrued. I ask that you contact me by phone if you make such a decision without consulting with me.
- 4. You have a right to review your records in the files at anytime. I do not keep any "secret notes", so please do not ask me to do so.
- 5. One of the most important rights involves confidentiality: within limits of the law, information revealed by you during therapy will be kept strictly confidential and will not be revealed to any other person or agency without your written permission. Additionally, when more than one family member is being seen in therapy, the therapist views the family as a whole as the client. Therefore, releases of information for family sessions require the written approval of every consenting member of the family who was present at any time during the treatment.
- 6. If you request it, any part of your record in the files can be released to any person or agency you designate. I will tell you at the time whether or not I think releasing the information in question to that person or agency might be harmful in any way to you.
- 7. You should also know that there are certain situations in which I am required by law to reveal information obtained during therapy to other persons or agencies without your permission. Also, I am not required to inform you of my actions in this regard. These situations are as follows: (a) if you threaten grave or bodily harm or death to another person, I am required by law to notify the authorities; (b) if a court of law issues a legitimate court order (signed by a judge), I am required by law to provide the information specifically described in that order; (c) if you reveal information relative to child abuse, child neglect, or elder abuse, I am required by law to report this to the appropriate authority; (d) if you are in therapy by order of a court of law, the results of the treatment ordered must be revealed to the court; and (e) if you are seeking payment through an insurance company, I will be required to reveal confidential information to them (each insurer is different).
- 8. You have the right to know about the possible harmful results of therapy. In my years of psychotherapeutic service delivery and supervision, the only clear harm I have witnessed has resulted from clients' insistence on using medical insurance for psychotherapy. Harmful events included denial of insurability when applying for medical and disability insurance due to DSM-IV-TR diagnosis (mental illness diagnosis, which are usually required for reimbursements under medical insurance); company (mis)control of information when claims are processed; loss of confidentiality due to the large number of persons handling claims; loss of employment, and repercussions of diagnosis in situations which require truthfulness about "mental illness", including driver's license applications, concealed weapon permits, and job applications.

## **Part II: The Therapeutic Process**

Therapy will seek to meet goals established by all persons involved, usually revolving around a specific presenting problem. A major benefit that may be gained from participating in therapy includes a better ability to handle or cope with marital, family, and other interpersonal relationships. Another possible benefit may be a greater understanding of family and personal goals and values, which may lead to a greater maturity and happiness as an individual and increased relational harmony. Other benefits relate to the probable outcomes resulting from resolving specific concerns brought to therapy.

In working to achieve these potential benefits, however, therapy will require that firm efforts be made to change and may involve the experiencing of significant discomfort. Therapeutically resolving unpleasant events and relationship patterns can arouse intense feelings. Seeking to resolve problems can similarly lead to discomfort as well as relationship changes that may not be originally intended.

## Part III: Fees and Length of Therapy

1.	I agree to enter into therapy with Zoë Mount, LMFT. I agree to pay \$ for each session.  (a) Payment is due at the end of each session, and no balance will be carried.  (b) Copayment is due at the end of each session. I am responsible for cooperating with my insurance company to support prompt payment.
2.	I understand that I can leave therapy at any time and that I have no moral, legal, or financial obligation to complete the maximum number of sessions listed in this contract; I am contracting only to pay for completed therapy sessions.
3.	A 24-hour notice is required for cancellation of a scheduled session. If I do not meet this requirement, I agree to pay the full session fee. I understand that this will be my responsibility, not that of the third-party payer.
4.	I understand that if my insurance company does not pay for treatment, I will be responsible for the payment in full.
5.	I understand that the therapist has the right to seek legal recourse to recoup any unpaid balance. In pursuing these measures, the therapist will only disclose biographical information and the amount owed, in order to ensure confidentiality.
	Client(s): Date: